



REGIONAL ASIA-PACIFIC CONFERENCE ON

GENDER AND DISASTER RISK REDUCTION

16-18 May 2016

Ha Noi, Viet Nam

GENDER IN COMMUNITY-BASED DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT

Mr. Bui Quang Huy

Deputy Director of Disaster Management Center in Vietnam

COMMUNITY-BASED DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT

National Program “Increasing Public Awareness and Community-based Disaster Risk Management” represents:

- The government’s vision suitable with this era
- Slogan **“the people know, the people discuss, the people implement and the people monitor”**.
- Incorporate all the efforts including international support for the future sustainable development.

The National program was ratified at Decision No. 1002/QĐ-TTg dated 13/7/2009 by the Prime Minister

NATIONAL PROGRAM “INCREASING PUBLIC AWARENESS AND COMMUNITY-BASED DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT”

Objective: Increase public awareness; Implement effectively the model of community-based disaster risk management (CBDRM) at all levels, especially at commune and village levels

Particularly:

- Fulfill the mechanism and policy system from national to local levels
- Increase capacity for government staff working in disaster prevention sector at all levels (100% of the staff).
- Develop CBDRM plan at all communes and villages; 70% of population in disaster prone area is disseminated with disaster knowledge; disaster prevention- related knowledge is mainstreamed in secondary’s academic curriculum



COMPONENT 1

Government agencies

Operational structures, infrastructures, equipment for disaster risk management strengthened

Capacity built

Be active in responding, supporting, mobilizing participation of villagers

Effective cooperation

*Identify needs
And develop CBDRM plan*

Support to fulfill the need of villagers (CBDRM plan)

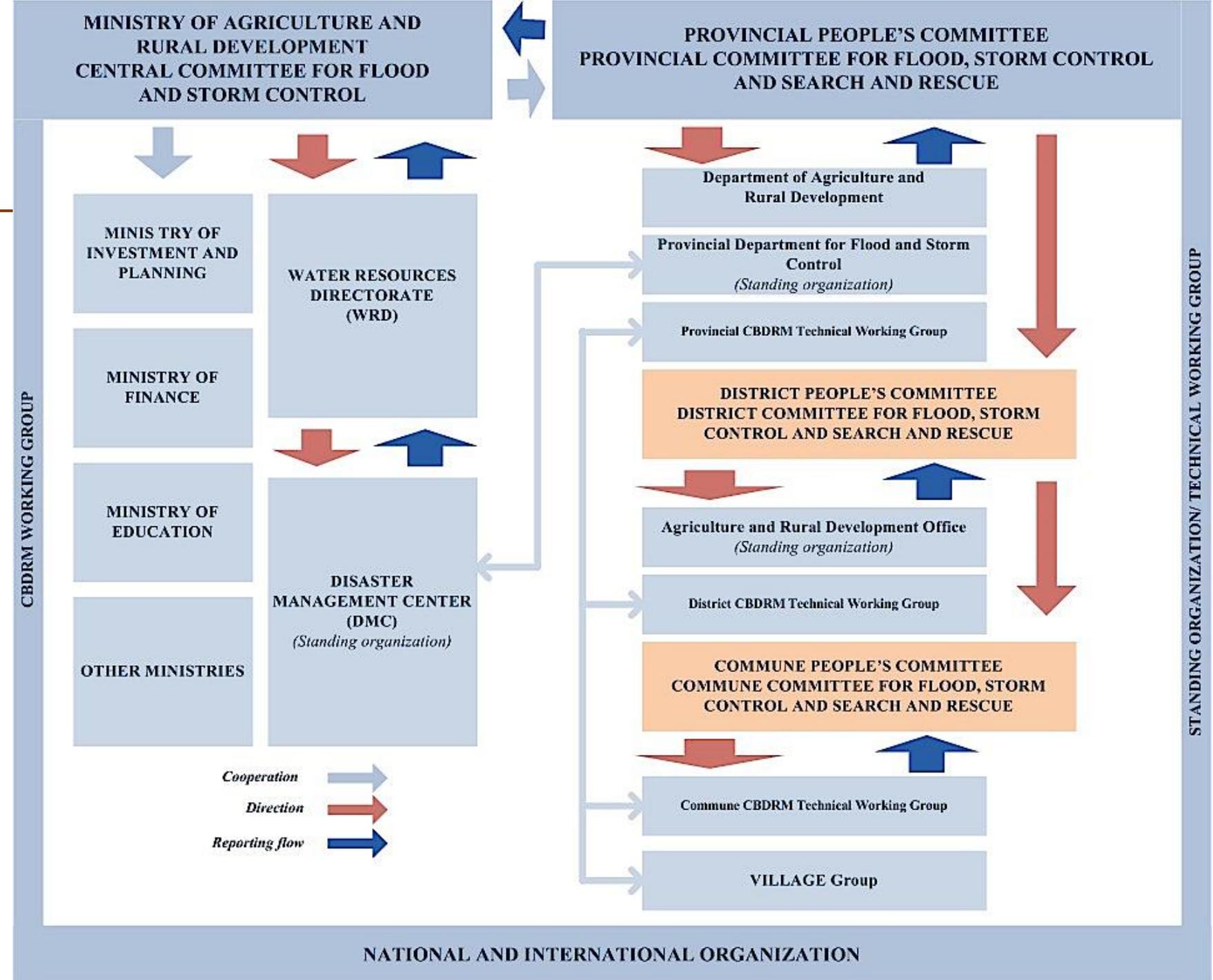
Villagers

Be active in participating, use available of villagers for disaster risk management

Awareness raised, consider CBDRM is responsibility of each villager

COMPONENT 2

IMPLEMENTING STRUCTURE OF NATIONAL PROGRAM



CBDRM WORKING GROUP

STANDING ORGANIZATION/ TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP

- Cooperation →
- Direction →
- Reporting flow →

NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

PRINCIPLE FOR IMPLEMENTING THE NATIONAL PROGRAM

1. Increase capacity for staff working in disaster management sector.
2. Strengthen operational structures, infrastructures and equipments necessary for CBDRM
3. Ensure the meaningful & equal participation of the all villagers in CBDRM:
 - Increase awareness and knowledge for the villagers
 - Ensure gender equality and inclusion of all at risk groups
4. Connect governmental agencies at all levels and mobilize resources from enterprises, social organizations, INGOs...

PLANNED RESULTS

1. Increase capacity for staff working in disaster management sector.
 - a) Instruct on the implementation of:
 - Guideline on project's implementation
 - Guideline on community-based disaster risk assessment (CBDRA)
 - Guideline on CBDRM for commune staff
 - Indicators and Guidance on monitoring and evaluation
 - b) Establish Technical Assistant Groups at all levels who will be responsible for CBDRA and developing CBDRM plan
 - c) Provide ToT trainings for 63 provincial staff.

PLANNED RESULTS (Cont'd)

1. Increase capacity for staff working in disaster management sector

(*cont'd*):

d) Facilitate and cooperate in:

- MoU with Vietnam Red Cross Societies, Vietnam Women's Union and VCCI
- Cooperation Agreement between MARD and MoLISA on disability inclusion in National Program
- Establishment and operation of Technical Assisting Groups at national level (managerial agency, international organizations, NGOs, social organizations and institutions)

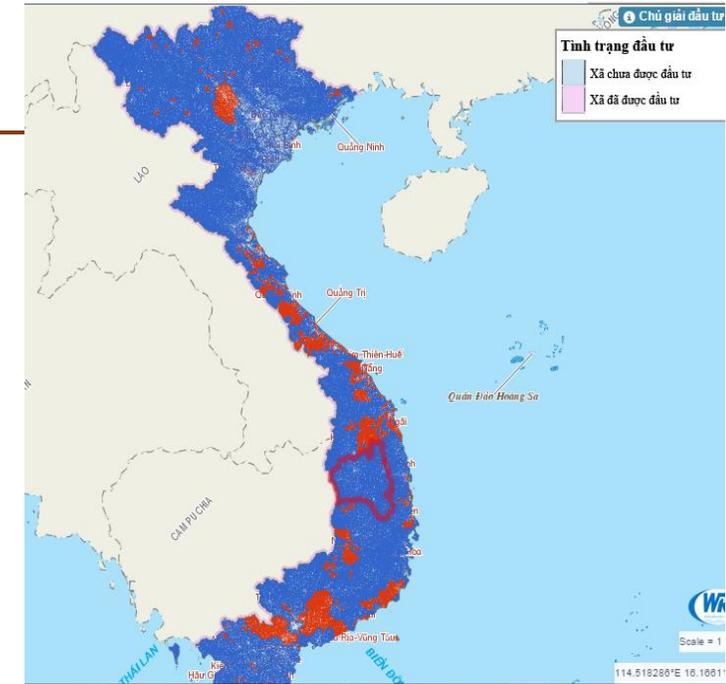
PLANNED RESULTS (Cont'd)

2. Increase capacity for staff working in disaster management sector (cont'd):

- a) Conduct CBDRM activities in 1.677 communes.
- b) Develop communication materials and broadcast on television and radio

3. Coordination and collaboration:

- a) Around 67 projects implemented by INGOs in 704 communes of 43 provinces, cities; UNDP, WB, JICA implement at 163 communes of 33 provinces, cities
- b) Integrate initiatives of CBDRM in cooperation with APEC, ASIAN, UNSPIDER



GENDER IN THE NATIONAL PROGRAM

1. Principle:

- a) Balance ratio of women in technology assistance group, community based group and CBDRM activities from 30% upward;
- b) Ensure equal and effective participation of men and women, especially those belonging to at risk groups, women living alone, women of minority group in CBDRM activities;
- c) CBDRM measures ensure to solve problems, fulfill needs of men and women;

2. Content:

Integrate gender in all CBDRM steps, CBDRA steps, contents of CBDRM plan

GENDER IN THE NATIONAL PROGRAM (con't)

3. Initial results:

- a) Provincial trainers trained have female representatives (79% of men; 21% of women)
- b) Develop guideline of mainstreaming gender in CBDRM (mainstream gender in CBDRA steps and planning process at commune level)
- c) Plan for setting up and training national master trainers on gender mainstreaming (to be in charge of advising, supporting localities to train their people, execute activities related to gender in CBDRM)
- d) Establish gender working Sub-group in CBDRM as a small group in the CBDRM technical working group .

GENDER IN THE NATIONAL PROGRAM (con't)

4. Difficulties and challenges:

- a) Gender equality is considered as responsibility of one agency/organization; it has not been seen as a cross cutting issue of each Ministry, sector, organization.
- b) Lack of sex, age and disability disaggregated data, for example for post-disaster situation,...
- c) Traditional mindset of role of men and women in society, especially in disaster risk reduction activities.
- d) Gender issue has been solved focusing on ensuring the quantity. The effective participation, collection of necessary information of women/men has not been taken into consideration (because gender training has not been paid fully attention and has not been trained properly for male and female staff before implementing activities of programs/projects)

GENDER IN THE NATIONAL PROGRAM (con't)

4. Difficulties and challenges (con't):

- e) There has not been any effective pilot model of gender mainstreaming in CBDRM
- f) Professional capacity of agencies, organization working on gender is limited
- g) There has not been specific guidance on gender mainstreaming in CBDRM, especially for commune level
- h) At risk groups has not been considered seriously in gender issue

GENDER IN THE NATIONAL PROGRAM (con't)

5. Current solutions:

- a) Gender equality is mentioned in principles, requirement of contents and indicators for monitoring, evaluation of the National Program.
- b) Develop specific guidance on gender mainstreaming focusing on at risk groups in CBDRM steps, particularly in CBDRA and planning process.
- c) Ensure equal and effective participation of men and women in technical assistance groups at different levels
- d) Raise awareness and capacity of gender mainstreaming in CBDRM for agencies/organizations working on CBDRM, gender
- e) Establish mechanism and develop guidance for collecting sex, age and disability disaggregated data pre and post disasters
- f) Support implementing effective pilot model on gender mainstreaming in CBDRM

Thank you very much for your kind listening !



Disaster Management Center in Vietnam
Directorate of Water Resources
Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development
Website: www.dmc.gov.vn